



1.25G CWDM SFP Transceiver(40KM)

Features	Applications
Up to 1.25 Gb/s data links Hot-pluggable SFP footprint Uncooled DFB laser transmitter in 8 possible CWDM wavelengths Metal enclosure, for lower EMI, Very low jitter. Up to 40 km on 9/125µm SMF Built-in digital diagnostic functions	1.0625Gb/s Fibre Channel 1.25Gb/s Gigabit Ethernet

Specifications

Wavelength	xx	Clasp Color Code	Wavelength	xx	Clasp Color Code
1470 nm	47	Gray	1550 nm	55	Yellow
1490 nm	49	Violet	1570 nm	57	Orange
1510 nm	51	Blue	1590 nm	59	Red
1530 nm	53	Green	1610 nm	61	Brown

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Ref.
Maximum Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5		4.7	V	
Storage Temperature	TS	-40		85	°C	
Case Operating Temperature	TOP	0		70	°C	

Electrical Characteristics (TOP = 0 to 70°C, VCC = 3.15 to 3.60 Volts)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Ref.
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.15	3.3	3.60	V	
Supply Current	Icc		185	250	mA	
Transmitter						
Input differential impedance	Rin		100		Ω	1
Single ended data input swing	Vin,pp	250		1200	mV	
Transmit Disable Voltage	VD	Vcc- 1.3		Vcc	V	
Transmit Enable Voltage	VEN	Vee		Vee+ 0.8	V	2



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Transmit Disable Assert Time				10	us	
Receiver						
Single ended data output swing	Vout,pp	250		800	mV	3
Data output rise time	tr		100	175	ps	4
Data output fall time	tf		100	175	ps	4
LOS Fault	VLOS fault	Vcc-0.5		VccHOST	V	5
LOS Normal	VLOS norm	Vee		Vee+0.5	V	5
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	100			mVpp	6

Notes:

1. Connected directly to TX data input pins. AC coupled thereafter.
2. Or open circuit.
3. Into 100 ohms differential termination.
4. 20 – 80 %
5. Loss Of Signal is LVTTL. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates no signal detected.
6. Receiver sensitivity is compliant with power supply sinusoidal modulation of 20 Hz to 1.5 MHz up to specified value applied through the recommended power supply filtering network.

Optical Characteristics (TOP = 0 to 70°C, VCC = 3.15 to 3.60 Volts)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Ref.
Transmitter						
Output Opt. Pwr (End of Life)	POUT	-5		0	dBm	1
Optical Wavelength	λ	1470		1610	nm	2
Wavelength Temperature Dependence			0.08	0.125	nm/°C	
Spectral Width (-20dB)	σ			1	nm	
Optical Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB	
Sidemode Supression ratio	SSRmin	30			dB	
Optical Rise/Fall Time	tr/ tf			180	ps	3
RIN	RIN			-120	dB/Hz	
Transmitter Jitter (peak to peak)				100	ps	
Receiver						
Average Rx Sensitivity @ Gigabit Ethernet	RSSENS3		-27.0	-25.0	dBm	4
Maximum Input Power	PMAX	-3.0			dBm	
Optical Center Wavelength	λ C	1270		1620	nm	
LOS De -Assert	LOSD			-32	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-35			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis			1.0		dB	
Receiver Jitter Generation @ 1.25Gbps				160	ps	5



Notes:

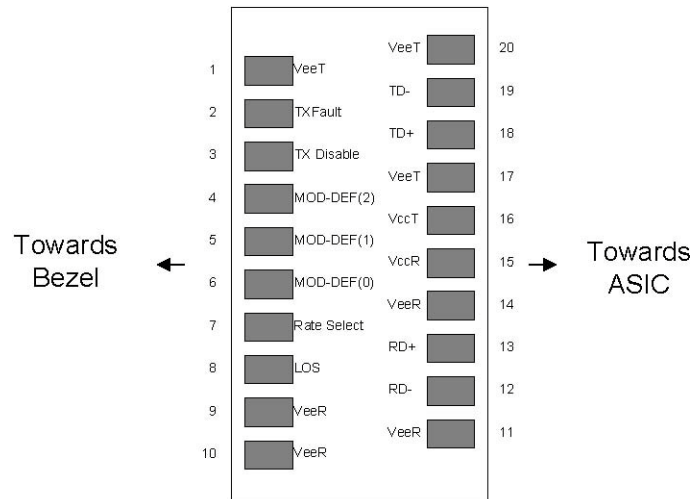
1. Class 1 Laser Safety per FDA/CDRH and IEC-825-1 regulations.
2. Over case temperature of 0 to 70 ° C. The Transmitter Center Wavelength “x” is as specified by the customer. The current available wavelengths are: 1470, 1490, 1510, 1530, 1550, 1570, 1590, and 1610 nm. Please see the “Product Selection” section on page 1.
3. Unfiltered
4. With worst-case extinction ratio. Measured with a PRBS 2^7-1 test pattern, @1.25Gb/s,
BER < 10^{-12} .
5. Jitter added by receiver (peak to peak). Measured at –23dBm average Rx sensitivity, PRBS 2^7-1 test pattern.

Pin Descriptions

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Ref.
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	T _{FAULT}	Transmitter Fault.	2
3	T _{DIS}	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	3
4	MOD_DEF(2)	Module Definition 2. Data line for Serial ID.	4
5	MOD_DEF(1)	Module Definition 1. Clock line for Serial ID.	4
6	MOD_DEF(0)	Module Definition 0. Grounded within the module.	4
7	Rate Select	No connection required	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	5
9	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
10	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
14	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

Notes:

1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
2. T_{FAULT} is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k – 10k Ohms resistor on the host board if intended for use. Pull up voltage should be between 2.0V to $V_{\text{CC}} + 0.3\text{V}$. A high output indicates a transmitter fault caused by either the TX bias current or the TX output power exceeding the preset alarm thresholds. A low output indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output is pulled to $<0.8\text{V}$.
3. Laser output disabled on $T_{\text{DIS}} > 2.0\text{V}$ or open, enabled on $T_{\text{DIS}} < 0.8\text{V}$.
4. Should be pulled up with 4.7k - 10 kohms on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. MOD_DEF(0) pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
5. LOS is open collector output. Should be pulled up with 4.7k – 10 kohms on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.



Pinout of Connector Block on Host Board

Digital Diagnostic Functions

Our CWDM SFP transceivers support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFP MSA1. It is very closely related to the E2PROM defined in the GBIC standard, with the same electrical specifications.

The standard SFP serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

Additionally, Our SFP transceivers provide a unique enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver



The SFP MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in E2PROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged. The interface is identical to, and is thus fully backward compatible with both the GBIC Specification and the SFP Multi Source Agreement.

Digital diagnostics for the CWDM SFP are Internally calibrated by default.

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